**HƯỚNG DẪN ÔN TẬP MÔN TIẾNG ANH**

**PHỤC VỤ THI NÂNG NGẠCH LÊN CHUYÊN VIÊN**

**VÀ THI THĂNG HẠNG CHỨC DANH NGHỀ NGHIỆP VIÊN CHỨC**

1. Hình thức: Thi trắc nghiệm trên máy vi tính
2. Nội dung:

Thí sinh được kiểm tra kỹ năng sử dụng ngôn ngữ, kỹ năng đọc, viết môn tiếng Anh, dạng bài trắc nghiệm khách quan, mỗi câu hỏi bao gồm 04 phương án trả lời và chỉ có duy nhất 1 phương án đúng. Trình độ bậc 2 theo quy định tại Thông tư số [01/2014/TT-BGDĐT](http://thuvienphapluat.vn/phap-luat/tim-van-ban.aspx?keyword=01/2014/TT-BGD%C4%90T&area=2&type=0&match=False&vc=True&lan=1) ngày 24 tháng 01 năm 2014 của Bộ Giáo dục và Đào tạo ban hành khung năng lực ngoại ngữ 6 bậc dùng cho Việt Nam)

\* Thời gian làm bài: 30 phút

\* Số câu hỏi: 30 câu.

\* Thí sinh thi đạt môn ngoại ngữ khi trả lời đúng từ 15 câu hỏi trở lên.

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**MỘT SỐ NỘI DUNG THAM KHẢO**

**I. Choose the word or phrase which best completes each sentence.**

1. Many old people need someone to look \_\_\_\_\_\_ them.

a. on b. after c. at d. off

2. If I were you, I \_\_\_\_\_\_ that camera.

a. didn’t buy b. won’t buy c. haven’t bought d. wouldn’t buy

3. I'm not used \_\_\_\_\_\_ up early on Saturdays.

a. for getting b. to getting c. by getting d. at getting

4. Yesterday I met the girl \_\_\_\_\_\_ grandfather had helped us with the project.

a. who b. who’s c. whose d. that

5. Let’s go to the movie, \_\_\_\_\_\_?

a. will we b. will you c. shall we d. would we

6. \_\_\_\_\_ he finished his homework, he played his guitar and sang.

a. Although b. After c.So that d. Unless

7. This room is \_\_\_\_\_\_ to study. Please switch on the lights.

a. enough dark b. dark enough c.too dark enough d. too dark

8. A lot of money \_\_\_\_\_\_on advertising every year.

a. spend b. spends c. is spent d. are spent

9. Do you like classical music? \_\_\_\_\_\_

a. Yes, I likes. b. Yes, I like. c. Yes, I does. d. Yes, I do.

10. They are going to go \_\_\_\_\_\_ vacation together.

a. on b. with c. to d. of

11. The flight to London is cancelled because of \_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. heavy snow b. snow heavy c. snowing heavy d. snow heavily

12. Can you see the woman \_\_\_\_\_\_ is sitting at that table?

a. whose b. who c. whom d. which

13. The children slept deeply \_\_\_\_\_ the noise.

a. in spite b. despite c. although d. because

14. She is very good \_\_\_\_\_\_ tennis. She never loses when playing with her friends.

a. at b. for c. in d. on

15. It is\_\_\_\_\_\_ interesting book \_\_\_\_\_\_ I have read several times.

a. such a…..that b. such…..that c. so…..that d. such an…..that

16. I talked to \_\_\_\_\_\_ grandmother for three hours last night.

1. he b. him c. his d. himself

17. It’s very kind \_\_\_\_\_\_ you to help me.

a. at b. in c. about d. of

18. Do you \_\_\_\_\_\_ wear a uniform at school?

a. must b. can c. have to d. don’t have to

19. \_\_\_\_\_\_ early on a sunny morning makes me feel good.

a. Walking up b. Wake up c. To walking up d. Woke up

20. Martha was late for work this morning \_\_\_\_\_\_ she missed the bus.

a. even though b. in spite of c. therefore d. because

21. Excuse me, I think you've \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a mistake in our bill.

a. made b. done c. had d. given

22. We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ live in an apartment.

a. don’t b. hasn’t c. haven’t d. doesn’t

23**.** It was impossible \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because of the noise.

a. slept b. sleeping c. sleep d. to sleep

24. Margaret as well as Jane \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ here since last week.

a. has been b. was c. were d. have been

25. Tom is going to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to a new house.

a. be b. move c. meet d. fall

26. Are you free \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Thursday evening?

a. at b. in c. on d. from

27. We have lunch \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ one o'clock.

a. at b. to c. in d. on

28. Please \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ more slowly.
a. spoke b. speak c. speaking d. to speak

29. What's your \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? I'm Canadian.

a. name b. nationality c. country d. home

30. If I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you, I'd take some rest before the game tomorrow.

a. am b. could c. were d. would be

31. Peter came to the meeting but Tom \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. isn’t b. hasn’t c. didn’t d. wasn’t

32. There's no need to be nervous. You're quite capable \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your final exam.

a. of passing b. passing c. to pass d. pass

33. You have never been to Ha Long Bay, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

a. have you b. haven’t you c. you have d. you haven’t

34. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is this blue bag? It's £9.49.

a. Where b. How big c. How much d. What

35. Who are you going to Canada\_\_\_\_\_\_?

a. with b. to c. in d. at

36. Peter and Sarah are going to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ married.

a. have b. fall c. get d. go

37. I'd like a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_of coffee, please.

a. cup b. glass c. plate d. bottle

38. How old is your \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? She's fourteen.

a. brother b. son c. boyfriend d. sister

39. It's very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in here. I can't hear anything.

a. noisy b. quiet c. exciting d. clean

40. If Bob \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with us, he would have had a good time.

a. had come b.comes c. has come d. came

41. If I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ enough money, I’d buy a new car.

a. had b. would c. did d. shall

42. I’m not interested \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sports.

a. for b. about c. in d. to

43. If I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ him, I would speak to him, wouldn’t I?

a. saw b. had seen c. have seen d. would have seen

44. I’d really like \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a new language.

a. to make b. to do c. to learn d. to leave

45. We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to South Africa last year.

a.’ve been b. went c. go d. are going

46. Don’t forget to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the light when you leave the room.

a. turn up b. turn in c. turn off d. turn over

47. Excuse me, waiter. Can you bring me the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, please?

a. note b. money c. bill d. cheque

48. Many things which we can do now couldn't \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ years ago.

a. do b. done c. being done d. be done

49. This is the cinema \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_we saw the film.

a. when b. which c. that d. where

50. This is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than I thought.

a. bad b. badder c. worse d. worst

51. You \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ better stay at home so as not to give flu to others.
a. should b. have to c. had d. have

52. She’s a very bad student. She is going to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the exam.

a. pass b. fail c. win d. lose

53. I am expected \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the result of last exam.

a. knowing b. to know c. know d. knew

54. Can you tell me the way\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

a. to the bank b. is the bank c. where is bank d. of the bank

55. We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ lunch when you telephoned.

a. was having b. had c. were having d. are having

56. Don’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ milk at the supermarket.

a. forget to buy b. forget buying c. forgetting to buy d. forget buy

57. Do you know what\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

a. time is it b. time is c. time is now d. time it is

58. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_eating since they arrived.
a. doesn't finish b. hasn't finished c. didn't finish d. not finish

59. Simon has lived in this town \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ three years.

a. since b. from c. after d. for

60. My grandparents \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ trees in the garden at the moment.

a. is planting b. are planting c. plants d. be planting

61. I’m working \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to pass my exam.

a. hardly b. much c. hard d. good

62. They were very strict. They wouldn't let her daughter \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_back home after 10 p.m.
a. come b. coming c. came d. to come

63. She passed her English exam very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. easy b. easier c. good d. easily

64. Please \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the door before coming in.

a. take b. wait c. try d. knock

65. Do you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a uniform at your school?

a. carry b. wear c. use d. hold

66. Take your umbrella. It's raining \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. heavily b. strong c. hardly d. much

67. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_time do you watch TV a day?

a. How old b. How long c. How much d. How many

68. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you ever visited Ottawa?

a. Did b. Do c. Were d. Have

69. We are very lucky, there are a lot of parks \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. where we live b. where live we c. where do we live d. where did we live

70. How much fruit juice \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a day?

a. does/ drink b. do/ drink c. do/ drinks d. does/ drinks

71. I can't stand \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in hot weather.

a. to walk b. walking c. walk d. to walking

72. Of the five students, Thomas is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. better b. the best c. good d. well

73. We are looking \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ going on vacation next week.

a. for b. after c. through d. forward to

74. Would you like some black coffee? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. No, please. b. Yes, I like. c. Yes, please. d. Yes, I do

75. Can I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your dictionary, please. -Yes, of course. But I'd like it back for the weekend.

a. lend b. borrow c. give d. keep

76. I wish they wouldn't \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ so much time with unnecessary meetings.

a. waste b. lose c. take d. put away

77. You can't \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on him at all. He never does what he says.

a. tolerate b. rely c. collaborate d. arrange

78. It's too expensive. We can't possibly \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it.

a. pay b. cost c. afford d. cope

79. That’s the most intelligent boy that I\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. ever have known c. have ever known

b. have ever knew d. have knew ever

80. My mother went to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to book a vacation yesterday.

a. travel agency b. police station c. art gallery d. train station

81. I had a great vacation in England \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I can’t speak English.

a. but b. so c. because d. although

82. I think I’m open and friendly- I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with most people

a. get up b. go on a date c. hate d. get along well

83. The toilet is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the first floor.

a. at b. in c. under d. on

84. What would you like to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? – A chicken rice, please.

a. drink b. post c. lend d. eat

85. It is very hot here. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your coat.

a. Take off b. Wear c. Put on d. Try on

86. You \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_a lot of interesting things in your life.

a. did b. didn’t do c. done d. have done

87. This is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ film I’ve ever seen.

a. the more interesting c. more interesting

b. the interesting d. the most interesting

88. What is she doing? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. She listens to music.

b. She doesn’t listen to music.

c. She is listening to music.

d. She listened to music

89. My son is arguing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his sister.

a. on b. with c. to d. of

90. He showed us the house\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_he was born.

a. which b. in which c. in where d. that

91. Have you finished reading the book \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_I gave you?

a. which b. where c. who d. whom

92. He was late \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_he ran to the station.

a. because b. but c. so d. although

93. The weather wasn’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to go for a walk so they decided to stay at home.

a. too good b. good enough c. so good d. such good

94. It is a very good \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for you to show everyone what you can do.

a. attitude b. talent c. skills d. opportunity

95. They’re playing very well. I think they are going to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ game.

a. pass b. fail c. win d. lose

96. A: I’m getting married next month.

 B: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

a. Possibly b. Congratulations! c. Good luck d. I don’t think so

97. My children and I like going to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to see famous pictures.

a. travel agency b. police station c. art gallery d. train station

98. Right now we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in a café in the main square.

a. sits b. are sitting c. is sitting d. sat

99. A/An \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ person argues a lot and can be violent.

 a. stylist b. careful c. serious d. aggressive

100. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ down the street when it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to rain.

a. was walking/ began c. walked/ began

b. was walking/ was beginning d. walked/ was beginning

**II. Reading**

**Read the passage and choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 1 to 5.**

When you first apply for a job, you (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ not succeed in getting it. It’s always a good (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to ask them to explain to you what prevent you from beating the other candidates. Don’t complain about the situation, but ask them to advise you (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ what you can do better next time. Perhaps the interviewer disapproved of or disagree with something you said. Perhaps they just glanced at your application and saw something that made it easy to choose between you and another candidate. Don’t regard it as a failure, but recognize it as a chance to learn more. (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you don’t worry too much about it and continue to believe in yourself, you’ll eventually find the chance you’ve been waiting for. Then, your family and friends will be able to (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you on your success.

1. a. might b. would c. will d. must

2. a. method b. means c. opinion d. idea

3. a. about b. of c. over d. in

4. a. As far as b. By far c. So far d. As long as

5. a. encourage b. congratulate c. promote d. depend

**Read the passage and choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 1 to 5.**

In Germany, it's important to be serious in a work situation. They don't mix work and play so you shouldn't make jokes (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_ you do in the UK and USA when you first meet people. They work in a very organized way and prefer to do one thing at a time. They don't like interruptions or (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_changes of schedule. Punctuality is very important so you should arrive on time for appointments. At meeting, it’s important to follow the agenda and not interrupt (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_ speaker. If you give a presentation, you should focus (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_ facts and technical information and the quality of your company's products. You should also prepare well, as they may ask a lot of questions. Colleagues normally use the family names, and title - for example 'Doctor' or 'Professor', so you shouldn't use first names (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_ a person asks you to.

1. a. as b. while c. as if d. such as

2. a. sudden b. suddenly c. abruptly d. promtly

3. a. other b. others c. another d. the other

4. a. on b. to c. at d. in

5. a. if only b. as c. unless d. since

**Read the passage and choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 1 to 5.**

Our classes take place for three hours every morning from Monday to Friday. The (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ class size is twelve and the average is ten. We use modern methods (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ teaching and learning, and the school has a language laboratory, a video camera and recorders. You will only be successful in improving your English; however, if you work hard and practise speaking English as much as you can. You will take a short (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in English as soon as you arrive. In this way, we can put you in a (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at the most suitable level.

The emphasis is on oral communication practice in a wide (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of situations at the advanced knowledge. You will learn how to use language correctly and appropriately when you talk to native speakers. In addition, you will develop such study skills as reading efficiently, writing articles and reports, and note-taking from books and lectures.

1. a. maximum b. minimum c. small d. large

2. a. in b. of c. on d. for

3. a. test b. exam c. course d. lesson

4. a. form b. class c. grade d. course

5. a. variety b. amount c. number d. lot

**Read the passage and choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 1 to 5.**

Every child in Great Britain between the ages of five and fifteen must (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_school. There (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_three main types of educational institutions: primary (elementary) schools, secondary schools and universities.

State schools are free, and attendance is compulsory. Morning school begins at nine o’clock andlasts until half past four. School is open five days a week. (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_Saturdays and Sundays there are no lessons. There are holidays at Christmas, Easter and in summer. In London as in all cities there are two grades of state schools for those (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ will go to work at fifteen: primary schools for boys and girls between the ages of five and eleven, and secondary schools for children from eleven to fifteen years. The lessons are reading, writing, the English language, English literature, English history, geography, (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, nature study, drawing, painting, singing, woodwork and drill.

1. a. attend b. come c. arrive d. go

2. a. have b. has c. are d. is

3. a. On b. At c. For d. In

4. a. when b. where c. which d. who

5. a. scientifically b. scientific c. scientist d. science

**Read the passage and choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 1 to 5.**

Face-to-face conversation is a two-way process. You speak to me, I reply to you and so on. Two-way (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_depends on having a coding system that is understood by both sender and (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and an agreed convention about signaling the beginning and end of the message. In speech, the coding system is the language like English or Spanish; the convention that one person speaks at a time may seem too obvious to mention. In fact, the signals (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in conversation and meetings are often (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. For example, lowering the pitch of the voice may mean the end of a sentence, a sharp intake of breath may signal the desire to interrupt, catching the chairman’s eye may indicate the desire to speak in a formal setting like a debate, a clenched fist may indicate anger. When (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ visual signals are not possible, more formal signals may be needed.

1. a. exchange b. interchange c. communication d. correspondence

2. a. announcer b. receiver c. messenger d. transmitter

3. a. that people use b. are used c. using d. being used

4. a. informal b. non-verbal c. verbal d. formal

5. a. their b.these c. this d. that

**III. Choose the correct sentence from the given words.**

*1. goes / movies / usually / with / to / friends / she / on / the / Sunday / her /.*

 A. She usually goes to her friends with Sunday on the movies.

 B. She usually goes to the movies with her friends on Sunday.

 C. Her usually goes to with she friends the movies on Sunday.

 D. She usually goes on the movies to her friends with Sunday.

*2. went / morning/ the / we/ yesterday / to/ castle / see /.*

 A. We went to see the castle morning yesterday.

 B. We went the castle to see yesterday morning.

 C. We went yesterday morning to see the castle.

 D. We went to see the castle yesterday morning.

*3. your / brother / is / working / in / right now /?/ Australia /.*

 A. Right now is brother your working in Australia?

 B. Your brother is working in Australia father right now?

 C. Is brother working in your Australia right now?

 D. Is your brother working in Australia right now?

*4. vacation / are / to / we / go / month / on / going / next /.*

 A. We are on going to go vacation next month.

 B. We are going to go vacation on next month.

 C. We are going to go on vacation next month.

 D. We are to going go on next month vacation.

*5. you / do / problems / have / with / any / classmates / your /?*

 A. Do you have problems with your anyclassmates?

 B. Do you have any classmates with your problems?

 C. Do you have any problems with classmates your?

 D. Do you have any problems with your classmates?

*6. He/ is/ the / airport / in / waiting /Vancouver / for / at / Sarah / to / arrive /.*

 A. He is at in Vancouver the airport waiting Sarah to arrive for.

 B. He is at the airport in Vancouver waiting for Sarah to arrive.

 C. He is at the airport waiting in Vancouver for Sarah to arrive.

 D. He at the airport is in Vancouver for waiting Sarah to arrive.

*7. ’m / I / visit / my / going / to / uncle / next week /.*

 A. I’m going to visit my uncle next week.

 B. I’m going visit to my uncle next week.

 C. I’m visit to going my uncle next week.

 D. I’m visit my uncle to going next week.

*8. much / on / money / do / clothes / you / how / spend / ?*

 A. How much clothes do you spend on money?

 B. How much money on do you spend clothes?

 C. How much do you spend clothes on money?

 D. How much money do you spend on clothes?

*9. have / going / with / her / weekend / she’s / to / friends / this / dinner /.*

 A. She’s going to have dinner with her friends this weekend.

 B. She’s going to have friends with her dinner this weekend.

 C. She’s have going to her friends with dinner this weekend.

 D. She’s going to with dinner have her friends this weekend.

*10. class / who / youngest / the / person / the / in / is /?*

 A. Who is the youngest person in the class?

 B. Who the youngest person in the class is?

 C. Who is the person youngest in the class?

 D. Who the youngest person is in the class?

*11. much / shoes / expensive / more / are / your / bought / than /shoes / the / I /.*

 A. Your shoes are the more expensive than shoes I bought much

 B. Your shoes are much more expensive than the shoes I bought.

 C. Your shoes are more expensive than the shoes I bought much.

 D. Your shoes are the much more expensive than shoes I bought.

*12. my / but / you / must / can / carefully / you / car / drive / use /.*

 A. You can use my car, but you must drive carefully.

 B. You must drive carefully, but you can use my car.

 C. You must drive my car, but you can use carefully.

 D. But you can use carefully, you must drive my car.

*13. water / how much / a / you / do / to / need / drink / really / day / ?*

 A. How much really water do you need to drink a day?

 B. How much water really do you need to drink a day?

 C. How much do you really need water to drink a day?

 D. How much water do you really need to drink a day?

*14. coffee / he / how many / drink / cups / does / of / ?*

 A. How many does he drink cups of coffee?

 B. How many cups of coffee does he drink?

 C. How many coffee does he drink of cups?

 D. How many coffee of cups does he drink?

*15. football /our / at / often /students /weekend /the / play /.*

 A. Students often play our football at the weekend.

 B. Our students play often football at the weekend.

 C. Our students often play football at the weekend.

 D. Students play often our football at the weekend.

*16. you / have / finished / homework / yet / your / ?*

 A. Have you yet finished your homework?

 B. You have finished your homework yet?

 C. Have you your finished homework yet?

 D. Have you finished your homework yet?

*17. forward / from / am / you / to / I / looking / hearing / .*

 A. I am looking forward to hearing from you.

 B. I am looking to forward hearing from you.

 C. I am hearing from you looking forward to.

 D. I am hearing forward to looking from you.

*18. brother / now / My / staying / right / us/ is / with /.*

 A. My brother is staying right with us now.

 B. My brother is staying right now with us.

 C. My brother is right now staying with us.

 D. My brother is staying with us right now.

*19. neighbors / good / we / with / a / our / have / relationship /.*

 A. We have a relationship with good our neighbors.

 B. We have a good relationship with our neighbors.

 C. Our neighbors have a good relationship with we.

 D. Our neighbors with we have a good relationship.

*20. TV / My / at / usually / neighbors / night / watch / late /.*

 A. Neighbors usually watch late my TV at night.

 B. My neighbors late usually watch TV at night

 C. My neighbors usually watch TV late at night.

 D. My neighbors watch usually TV late at night.